

## Notes on The 3 Rules

**Rule 1** Cashflow is the net of all the money your company receives and pays out – **over a period of time**.

We recommend that you prepare a cashflow forecast each month for the coming month.

**Rule 2** Margin is the net of your company's total sales minus the total direct costs of the products or services it sells – **over a period of time**.

For example, if your company sells T-shirts for \$25 each and it costs \$15 to buy each T-shirt, the margin on each T-shirt you sell is \$10.

Operating costs are all the costs of operating your business that are not direct costs of the products or services it sells – **over a period of time**.

For example: salaries, rent, and advertising.

We recommend that you prepare margin and operating costs forecasts each month or quarter for the coming month or quarter.

**Rule 3** Receivables, inventory, payables, and short-term debt – plus cash – are collectively known as Working Capital.

Your company's net Working Capital – which is (cash + receivables + inventory) minus (payables + short-term debt) – **on a specific date** – is a measure of its ability to pay its bills as they come due.

If its net Working Capital is consistently less than \$0, this may be a cause for concern.

We recommend that you review your company's net Working Capital at least once a month.

### And one more thing

- ++** To help your customers
- ++** To create customers who love you
- ++** To raise your company's margin